# **Course Syllabus**

offered by College/School/Departmen	nt of	English	
with effect from Semester _	_ <u>B</u>	2021/2022	

## Part I Course Overview

Course Title:	English Grammar
Course Code:	EN5490
Course Duration:	1 semester
Credit Units:	3
Level:	P5
	□ Arts and Humanities
<b>Proposed Area:</b> (for GE courses only)	<ul> <li>Study of Societies, Social and Business Organisations</li> <li>Science and Technology</li> </ul>
Medium of Instruction:	English
Medium of Assessment:	English
<b>Prerequisites</b> : (Course Code and Title)	Nil
<b>Precursors:</b> (Course Code and Title)	Nil
<b>Equivalent Courses:</b> (Course Code and Title)	Nil
<b>Exclusive Courses</b> : (Course Code and Title)	Nil

#### Part II **Course Details**

#### 1. Abstract

(A 150-word description about the course)

This course aims to provide students with sufficient understanding of the major systems of English grammar to enable them to i) understand how grammar contributes to meaningful communication and ii) diagnose learners' problems with English grammar. It also introduces students to the presentation of grammatical information in learners' dictionaries. Students will develop the skills to describe language data and to analyse the systematic relationship between variation in language and variation in context.

#### **Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)** 2.

(CILOs state what the student is expected to be able to do at the end of the course according to a given standard of *performance.*)

No.	CILOs#	Weighting* (if	Discov curricu	very-eni	
		applicable)	learnin	g outco	omes
			(please	tick	where
			approp	riate)	
			A1	A2	A3
1.	identify some basic grammatical concepts needed for			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
	language analysis;				
2.	describe the basic organizational principles of grammar		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
	using appropriate metalanguage;				
3.	analyze the functions of different constituents in a		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
	sentence;				
4.	reflect on the ways in which meaning is determined by		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
	context;				
5.	describe the ways in which grammatical information is		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
	presented in learners' dictionaries.				
* If we	eighting is assigned to CILOs, they should add up to 100%.	100%			

<sup>#</sup> Please specify the alignment of CILOs to the Gateway Education Programme Intended Learning outcomes (PILOs) in Section A of Annex.

Attitude A1:

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

A2: Ability

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to self-life problems.

A3: Accomplishments

Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

## 3. Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs)

(TLAs designed to facilitate students' achievement of the CILOs.)

TLA	Brief Description	CIL	O No.				Hours/week (if
		1	2	3	4	5	applicable)
1	<b>Reading the Textbooks and Handouts</b>						3 hours/ week
	and Completing Exercises						
	The textbooks and handouts contain						
	information related to ALL the topics dealt						
	with in the course. Students are encouraged						
	to complete the reading assignment of the						
	week before class and to discover the						
	organization principles of grammar in class.						
2	Interactive Lecturing and In-Class	$\checkmark$					3 hours/ week
	Activities						
	There will be one three-hour lesson every						
	week. In the lessons, the basic issues and						
	topics involved in the study of English						
	grammar and lexis will be identified. The						
	key concepts and related metalanguage will						
	be examined. Students will read different						
	texts or sentences to identify the concepts						
	introduced and to apply their knowledge of						
	grammar and lexicology to the given texts						
	or sentences.						

#### 4. Assessment Tasks/Activities (ATs)

(ATs are designed to assess how well the students achieve the CILOs.)

Assessment Tasks/Activities	CII	CILO No.		Weighting*	Remarks			
	1	2	3	4	5			
Continuous Assessment: _100	_%							
In-class Test							30%	Individual, to be
One one-hour test will be								assessed individually
designed to help students revise								
and learn the grammar concepts								
covered in the course. Their								
performance in the tests will be								
assessed individually according								
to how well they are able to								
a. reflect on the basic								
grammatical concepts								
learnt;								
b. reflect on the basic								
organizational principles of								
grammar;								
c. identify the functions of								
different constituents in a sentence.								
Students are encouraged to do								
continual revision throughout								
the course								
Individual Analysis							30%	Individual, to be
Assignment								assessed individually
An individual analysis								

assignment will be given to					
students to help them apply					
their knowledge to the analysis					
of authentic texts. The					
assignment will consist of short					
analysis questions. Students are					
required to demonstrate their					
ability to					
a. reflect on the basic					
grammatical and lexical					
concepts learnt;					
b. reflect on the basic					
organizational principles of					
grammar;					
c. identify the functions of					
different constituents in a					
sentence;					
d. identify and correct					
common errors associated					
with the grammatical					
concepts learnt.					
Individual Essay Assignment			$\checkmark$	40%	Individual, to be
An individual essay assignment					assessed individually
(about 2000 words) will be					
given to students to help them					
apply their knowledge to the					
critique of the presentation of					
grammatical information in a					
learner's dictionary.					
Examination:% (duration:		if applic	able)		
* The weightings should add up to 10	0%.			100%	

## 5. Assessment Rubrics

(Grading of student achievements is based on student performance in assessment tasks/activities with the following rubrics.)

Assessment Task	Criterion	Excellent	Good	Fair	Marginal	Failure
		(A+, A, A-)	(B+, B, B-)	(C+, C, C-)	(D)	(F)
In-class Test	Analysis a	nd Excellent	Very good	Adequate	Little knowledge of	Very little or no
	Application	knowledge of	knowledge of	knowledge of	grammatical concepts	knowledge of
	Performance	grammatical	grammatical	grammatical	is demonstrated	grammatical concepts
		concepts is	concepts is	concepts is		is demonstrated
		demonstrated	demonstrated	demonstrated		
		Excellent	Very good	Adequate	Fair application of	Poor application of
		application of	application of	application of	grammatical concepts	grammatical concepts
		grammatical	grammatical	grammatical	is demonstrated	is demonstrated
		concepts is	concepts is	concepts is		
		demonstrated	demonstrated	demonstrated		

Individual Analysis Assignment	Analysis and Application Performance	Excellent knowledge of grammatical concepts is demonstrated	Very good knowledge of grammatical concepts is demonstrated	Adequate knowledge of grammatical concepts is demonstrated	Little knowledge of grammatical concepts is demonstrated	Very little or no knowledge of grammatical concepts is demonstrated
		Excellent application of grammatical concepts is demonstrated	Very good application of grammatical concepts is demonstrated	Adequate application of grammatical concepts is demonstrated	Fair application of grammatical concepts is demonstrated	Poor application of grammatical concepts is demonstrated
Individual Essay Assignment	Content, Analysis, Organization, Language	The topic is extremely well-presented and analysed;	The topic is competently presented and very well analysed;	The topic is adequately presented and is analysed reasonably well;	The topic is sketchily presented and analysed and is inadequately presented;	The topic is highly inadequate in its presentation and is very badly analysed;
		All relevant information is excellently covered;	The information is sufficiently covered;	Only part of the information is covered;	Only limited information is included;	Very limited or inaccurate information is included;
		The purpose of analysing and presenting the material is completely achieved;	The purpose of analysing and presenting the material is achieved;	The purpose of analysing and presenting the material is partially achieved;	The purpose of analysing and presenting the material is minimally achieved;	The purpose of analysing and presenting the material is not achieved in any way;
		Style and tone are highly appropriate.	Style and tone are appropriate.	Style and tone are somewhat appropriate.	Style and tone are largely inappropriate.	Style and tone are completely inappropriate.

### Part III Other Information (more details can be provided separately in the teaching plan)

### 1. Keyword Syllabus

(An indication of the key topics of the course.)

Basic Grammar Concepts

- Constituent Structure
- Organization of Grammar
- Syntactic Elements of Clauses

#### The Verbal Group

- Classes of Verbs
- Verb Complementation
- Structure of the Verbal Group

#### The Nominal Group

- Classes of Nouns
- Structure of the Nominal Group
- Determiners
- Pre-modifiers
- Post-modifiers
- Nominalization

### The Adjectival Group, The Adverbial Group and the Prepositional Phrase

- Classes of Adjectives and Adverbs
- Structures of the Adjectival Group, Adverbial Group and Prepositional Phrase
- Functions of the Adjectival Group, Adverbial Group and Prepositional Phrase

Grammatical Information in Learners' Dictionaries

- Noun countability information in dictionaries
- Verb transitivity information in dictionaries
- Grammatical information of Adjectives, Adverbs and Prepositions in dictionaries

### 2. Reading List

### 2.1 Compulsory Readings

(Compulsory readings can include books, book chapters, or journal/magazine articles. There are also collections of e-books, e-journals available from the CityU Library.)

1.	Downing, A (2015).	English grammar: A university course	e. 3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition. London: Routledge.
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### 2.2 Additional Readings

(Additional references for students to learn to expand their knowledge about the subject.)

1.	Bloor, T. & Bloor, M. (1995). The functional analysis of English – A Hallidayan approach.
	London, New York: Arnold.
2.	Butt, D., Fahey, R., Feez, S., Spinks. S. & Yallop, C. (2000). <i>Using functional grammar: An explorer's guide</i> . 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition. Sydney: National Centre for English Language Teaching and
	Research, Macquarie University.
3.	Chan, A.Y.W. (2005). Tactics employed and problems encountered by university English majors in Hong Kong in using a dictionary. <i>Applied Language Learning</i> , 15.1&2: 1-28.
4.	Chan, A.Y.W. & Taylor, A. (2001). Evaluating learner dictionaries: What the reviews say.

	International Journal of Lexicography, 14.3: 163-180
5.	Chan, A.Y.W. (2012). Cantonese ESL learners' use of grammatical information in a
	monolingual dictionary for determining the correct use of a target word. <i>International Journal</i>
	of Lexicography, 25.1: 68-94.
6.	Chan, A.Y.W. (2016). How much do Cantonese ESL learners know about the English article
	system? System, 56: 66-77.
7	Chan, A.Y.W. (2017). The effectiveness of using a bilingualized dictionary for determining
	noun countability and article selection. Lexikos, 27: 183-213.
8.	Chan, A. & Loong, Y. (1999). Establishing criteria for evaluating a learner's dictionary. In R.
	Berry, B. Asker, K. Hyland, & M. Lam (Eds.) Language analysis, description and pedagogy.
	Hong Kong: Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, 298- 307.
9.	Collerson, J. (1994). English grammar: A functional approach. New Town, New South Wales:
	Primary English Teaching Association.
10.	Collins, P. & Hollo, C. (2000). English grammar: An introduction. Hampshire: Palgrave
11.	Eggins, S. (2004). An introduction to systemic functional linguistics. 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition. New York,
	London: Continuum.
12.	Greenbaum, S. & Quirk, R. (1990). A student's grammar of the English language. Burnt Mill,
	Harlow, Essex, England: Longman.
13.	Halliday, M.A.K. (2004). An introduction to functional grammar. 3rd Edition. (Revised by
	Christian M.I.M.). London: Arnold.
14.	Hatch, E. & Brown, C. (1995). Vocabulary, semantics and language education. Cambridge:
	Cambridge University Press.
15.	Jackson, H. (2002). Grammar and vocabulary: A resource book for students. London:
	Routlege.
16.	Jackson, H. & E. Z. Amvela (2000). Words, meaning and vocabulary: An introduction to
	modern English lexicology. London; New York: Continuum.
17.	Lock, G. (1996). Functional English grammar: An introduction for second language teachers.
	Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
18.	Nelson, G. & Greenbaum, S. (2016). An introduction to English grammar (4 <sup>th</sup> Edition). New
	York: Routledge.
19.	Quirk, R. & Greenbaum, S. (1973). A university grammar of English. Hong Kong: Longman.
20.	Quirk, R. Greenbaum, S., Leech, G. & Svartvik, J. (1985). A comprehensive grammar of the
	English language. London: Longman.
21.	Taylor, A. & Chan, A. (2000). Choosing a dictionary for students or ourselves. TESL-HK, 5:
	10.