# City University of Hong Kong Course Syllabus

# offered by Department of English with effect from Semester B 2017/18

Part I Course Overv	view
	Crime Fiction
Course Title:	
	EN3590
Course Code:	
	1 Semester
Course Duration:	
	3
Credit Units:	
	B3
Level:	
	Arts and Humanities
Proposed Area:	Study of Societies, Social and Business Organisations
(for GE courses only)	Science and Technology
Madium of	English
Medium of Instruction:	
	English
Medium of Assessment:	
D ***	Nil
<b>Prerequisites</b> : (Course Code and Title)	
_	Nil
Precursors: (Course Code and Title)	
	EN2820 Crime Fiction: Murder in the City
<b>Equivalent Courses</b> : (Course Code and Title)	
	Nil
Exclusive Courses: (Course Code and Title)	

#### Part II **Course Details**

#### 1. **Abstract**

Until relatively recently, crime fiction was frequently seen, alongside other forms of popular fiction, as less worthy of serious critical attention than other forms of literature. Yet it is one of the longest-lived and most popular genres of fiction. It also raises important theoretical questions concerning, for example, plot, character, discourse, and setting, while at the same time reflecting and illuminating transformations in social attitudes. This course will introduce students to both the historical development of crime fiction from its roots in the 19th century to the present, and explore the broad international scope of the genre. It will approach crime fictions both as texts rooted in and organised by specific generic traditions, and as social documents linked both to changing concepts of transgression, punishment, and justice, and a number of other important concepts including gender, race, and class. It will also adopt an intermedial approach to crime narratives by studying adaptations, and by examining contemporary screen crime dramas.

#### 2. **Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)**

(CILOs state what the student is expected to be able to do at the end of the course according to a given standard of performance.)

No.	CILOs	Weighting* (if applicable)	curricu learnin	rery-end lum rel g outco e tick priate)	lated omes
			A1	A2	A3
1.	Trace the development of crime fiction from its historical		X	X	X
	roots through the present day, examining major trends and				
	turning points in relation to literary and cultural history.				
2.	Distinguish the typical conventions and structures of crime		X	X	
	fiction as a genre.				
3.	Identify the genre's exploration of concepts of justice and		X	X	X
	order, especially the consequences of these values to				
	individuals and society as a whole.				
* If we	leighting is assigned to CILOs, they should add up to 100%.	100%			

<sup>\*</sup> If weighting is assigned to CILOs, they should add up to 100%.

### Attitude

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

#### A2: Ability

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to self-life problems.

#### A3: Accomplishments

Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

#### **3. Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs)**

(TLAs designed to facilitate students' achievement of the CILOs.)

TLA	Brief Description	CIL	CILO No.			Hours/week	
		1	2	3			(if applicable)
Lectures	Lectures and readings will help	X	X	X			

	students identify and apply a range of theories to the analysis of crime narratives.					
Class /Group Discussions	Class /Group debates and discussions will allow students the chance to negotiate and reassess their personal views of the selected crime texts.	X	X	X		
Group Presentations	Group presentations will give students the chance to reflect on texts in a critical manner, applying the theories and concepts learnt in class.			X		

### 4. Assessment Tasks/Activities (ATs)

(ATs are designed to assess how well the students achieve the CILOs.)

Assessment Tasks/Activities	CII	LO N	o.		Weighting*	Remarks	
	1 2 3						
Continuous Assessment: 100%							
Multiple journal entries	X	X	X		40%	Individual	
responding to specific texts							
will help students reflect							
critically on the selected							
reading material.							
In-class/take home essay will	X	X	X		40%	Individual	
test student's knowledge of							
several texts, allowing them an							
opportunity also to draw upon							
their personal reflection.							
Class Participation will	X	X	X		20%	Individual	
encourage students to enhance							
their discussion and debate							
skills, encouraging students to							
discuss personal reflections							
with confidence.							
Examination:% (duration:			, if a	pplicable)			

\* The weightings should add up to 100%.

100%

3

## 5. Assessment Rubrics

(Grading of student achievements is based on student performance in assessment tasks/activities with the following rubrics.)

Assessment Task	Criterion	Excellent	Good	Fair	Marginal	Failure
		(A+/A/A-)	(B+/B/B-)	(C+/C/C-)	<b>(D)</b>	( <b>F</b> )
Journals and	Content and task	Responds to the written	Responds to the written	Responds to the written	Only addresses the	Fails to respond to the
Essay (Writing	fulfillment	task requirement in an	task requirements in a	task requirements in an	requirements of the	written task or does not
Assignments):		exemplary way. All	good way. Content is	adequate way but	written task in a	submit task.
Content		content highly relevant,	relevant and supports	content not always	superficial way with	
		well researched/	requirements of the text	relevant and supporting	little supporting	
		innovative and supports	(e.g. evidence is	evidence could be	evidence.	
		requirements of the text	sufficient for	stronger.		
		(e.g. provides in-depth	argumentative text)			
		evidence for				
		argumentative text)				
	Knowledge of	Demonstration of subject	Demonstration of good	Demonstration of	Little evidence of subject	No evidence of subject
	subject	knowledge of in an	subject knowledge	adequate subject	knowledge and poorly	knowledge, or fails to
		exemplary way with	showing evidence of	knowledge but little	applied to the task.	submit task.
		evidence of in-depth	completing all readings	beyond the minimum		
		reading and enquiry	as part of the formal	expectation of the		
		beyond the formal	requirements of the	subject. Application is		
		requirements of the	course. Application of	adequate only and could		
		course. Application of	knowledge to task is	benefit from more		
		knowledge to task is	good.	reading and in-depth		
		excellent.		enquiry.		
	Critical thinking	Excellent critical	Good critical analysis/	Adequate critical	Weak critical analysis	Fails to show any critical
	and analysis	analysis/interpretation/r	interpretation/	analysis/interpretation/	/interpretation/	thinking/analysis in the

		eflection/evaluation	reflection/ evaluation	reflection/ evaluation	reflection/evaluation	completion of the task or
		demonstrated for the	demonstrated for the	demonstrated for the	demonstrated for the	fails to submit task.
		required task.	required task.	required task.	required task.	
	Academic	Excellent ability to	Good ability to reference	Adequate ability to	Weak ability to reference	Fails to reference sources
	citation and	reference sources within	sources within the text	reference sources within	sources within the text or	adequately within the text
	referencing	the text and compile	and compile reference	the text and compile	compiles reference list	or compile reference list.
		reference list in	list in appropriate style	reference list although	with many mistakes. Text	Text references are not
		appropriate style	required of the task. In	some mistakes. In text	references are not often	relevant nor well
		required of the task.	text references are	references are sometimes	not relevant nor well	integrated. Sources are not
		In-text references are	mostly relevant to the	not relevant and not well	integrated. Sources are	cited transparently. Or fails
		always relevant to the	required task. Sources	integrated. Sources are	not cited transparently.	to submit task.
		required task. Sources	are generally cited	occasionally cited		
		are cited transparently.	transparently,	transparently.		
Journals and	Language choice:	Demonstrates excellent	Demonstrates good	Demonstrates an	Unable to use linguistic	Fails to use language to
Essay (Writing	Lexico -	grammatical /lexical	grammatical /lexical	adequate	resources to complete	complete the task or does
Assignments):	grammatical	range and accuracy.	range and accuracy.	grammatical/lexical	the task and relies on	not submit the task.
Language	features		May have occasional	range with some	extremely limited	
			errors but does not	evidence of systematic	grammar and lexis.	
			interfere with	errors that occasionally		
			comprehensibility of	interferes with		
			meaning.	comprehensibility.		
	Organisation:	Excellent coherence at	Good coherence at	Adequate coherence at	Problematic use of	Fails to use coherence and
	Textual	textual level for required	textual level for required	textual level for required	coherence and cohesive	cohesive devices to make
	coherence and	written task; excellent	written task: good	written task: simple	devices where meaning	meaning or does not submit
	cohesion	lexical and grammatical	lexical and grammatical	lexical and grammatical	is not clear and requires	the task.
		cohesion within	cohesion within	cohesion choices to	re –reading.	
		paragraphs	paragraphs	ensure cohesion within		

		paragraphs with perhaps	
		overreliance on	
		discourse markers	

Participation	Individual	Always actively listens	Frequently listens and	Sometimes listens and	Little evidence of	No evidence of
		and responds to others	responds to others as	responds to others as	listening and responding	individual or team work
		as well as to the teacher.	well as to the teacher.	well as to the teacher.	to others. Makes little or	due to non -attendance.
		Always actively	Mostly participates in	Sometimes participates	no contribution to the	
		participates in the group,	the group, frequently	in the group and	class.	
		helping to define goals,	helping to define goals,	occasionally is observed	Generally passive in the	
		plans roles and	plan roles and timelines	to contribute to the team,	group and lets others do	
		timelines.	Mostly prepared for	but mostly takes a	the work. Does minimum	
		Always prepared for	group tasks in class and	passive role.	work in contributing to	
		group tasks in class and	contributes well.	Mostly lacks preparation	the team effort and	
		makes excellent		for group tasks and	appears to rely heavily	
		contributions.		relies on others.	on others.	

### Part III Other Information (more details can be provided separately in the teaching plan)

### 1. Keyword Syllabus

(An indication of the key topics of the course.)

Genre and genre conventions; crime literature; crime writing, crime fiction, detective fiction, Golden Age crime fiction, hard-boiled fiction, international crime fiction, crime, punishment, justice, gender, race, class, adaptation, literary theory, literary history

### 2. Reading List

### 2.1 Compulsory Readings

(Compulsory readings can include books, book chapters, or journal/magazine articles. There are also collections of e-books, e-journals available from the CityU Library.)

Individual instructors will select the required readings to fulfil the course CILOs.

### 2.2 Additional Readings

(Additional references for students to learn to expand their knowledge about the subject.)

Individual instructors will select the required readings to fulfil the course CILOs.