City University of Hong Kong Course Syllabus

offered by Department of English with effect from Summer Term 2018

Part I Course Overview

| | Professional Communication Summer Programme |
|--|---|
| Course Title: | |
| | EN3584 |
| Course Code: | |
| Course Duration: | 1 semester, including 2-4 weeks of learning activities in a selected English speaking country |
| Course Duration. | 3 |
| Credit Units: | |
| | B3 |
| Level: | |
| | Arts and Humanities |
| Proposed Area: | Study of Societies, Social and Business Organisations |
| (for GE courses only) | Liscience and Technology |
| Medium of Instruction: | English |
| | English |
| Medium of Assessment: | |
| Duono auticita a | Nil |
| Prerequisites : (Course Code and Title) | |
| | Nil |
| Precursors : (Course Code and Title) | |
| | EN3577 Creative and Cultural Summer Programme |
| Equivalent Courses : <i>(Course Code and Title)</i> | EN2410 Professional Communication Study Tour |
| `````````````````````````````````````` | Nil |
| Exclusive Courses : (Course Code and Title) | |

Part II **Course Details**

1. Abstract

(A 150-word description about the course)

This course aims to give students a good understanding of language and communication issues in a selected English speaking country while acquainting them with topics that have applications, which could be: 1) linguistic issues (the different varieties of English used and people's attitudes towards them), 2) multiculturalism (how multiple cultures interact and how this affects communication, including governmental and media constructions of multiculturalism), 3) language and the environment (how English language interacts creatively with the environment in the form of such things as architecture and signage, and how this affects communication, especially around such issues as tourism), 4) creativity, language and culture (the kinds of language and communication important in popular culture, tourism, arts scene), 5) multimodality and semiotics (how language and symbols interact creatively to create and communicate messages and meaning). During the course, students will engage in theoretical discussions about these topics and then apply the theories to observations of actual language use and communication in the real world. At the end of the course, students need to critically reflect and evaluate their overall learning experiences, and creatively demonstrate their language, academic and personal achievements. Since this course takes place in a native English speaking environment, students will also have considerable opportunities to practice their English communication skills and to become more critically aware of culture and language and its interaction.

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) 2.

(CILOs state what the student is expected to be able to do at the end of the course according to a given standard of *performance.*)

| No. | CILOs | Weighting* (if applicable) | Discov curricu learnin (please approp | llum rel g outco tick riate) | lated omes where |
|--------|---|----------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. | Explain important concepts in sociolinguistics and | | A1 X | A2 X | A3 |
| | | | | | |
| | communication theory regarding areas such as | | | | |
| | . 1) language variation | | | | |
| | . 2) multiculturalism | | | | |
| | . 3) language and the environment | | | | |
| | . 4) creative writing & communication | | | | |
| | . 5) multimodality and semiotics | | | | |
| 2. | Conduct research related to these topics. | | Х | Х | |
| 3. | Analyze data from research using the theories learned in | | Х | Х | Х |
| | class. | | | | |
| 4. | Critically compare findings and results from overseas | | Х | Х | Х |
| | country with Hong Kong, reflect on overall learning | | | | |
| | experience and devise creative solutions to any problems or | | | | |
| | difficulties encountered. | | | | |
| * If w | eighting is assigned to CILOs, they should add up to 100%. | 100% | | | |

A1: Attitude

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong

sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

A2: Ability

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to self-life problems.

A3: Accomplishments Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

3. Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs)

(TLAs designed to facilitate students' achievement of the CILOs.)

| TLA | Brief Description | CILO No. | | | | | Hours/week (if |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|----------|---|---|---|--|----------------|
| | _ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | applicable) |
| Lectures | Students attend lectures | Х | | | | | |
| | before/during the course giving | | | | | | |
| | background on theories and topics | | | | | | |
| Group | Students conduct research in | Х | Х | Х | Х | | |
| projects | small groups and perform analysis | | | | | | |
| | of data collected. | | | | | | |
| Supervised | Students visit and reflect upon | | | Х | Х | | |
| cultural visits | cultural visits | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

4. Assessment Tasks/Activities (ATs)

(ATs are designed to assess how well the students achieve the CILOs.)

| Assessment Tasks/Activities | CILO No. | | | | Weighting* | Remarks | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|---|-------|--------|------------|---------|------------------------------------|
| | | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | |
| Continuous Assessment: 100% | | | | | | | |
| Students design research | Х | Х | Х | | | 40% | |
| protocols and gather data on | | | | | | 40% | |
| one of the five topics above. | | | | | | | |
| Data is analyzed using the | | | | | | | [Specific details of the |
| theories learned. Results are | | | | | | | tasks and weighting |
| reported and commented upon | | | | | | | depends on nature of |
| in writing . | | | | | | | programme and specific context] |
| Students produce a reflective | | | | Х | | 200/ | |
| piece of writing relating to their | | | | | | 20% | |
| learning experiences overseas. | | | | | | | |
| Students complete in-class short | X | | | | | 100/ | - |
| tasks, which could be group | | | | | | 40% | |
| discussions, quizzes and/or | | | | | | | |
| exercises to monitor their | | | | | | | |
| learning throughout the | | | | | | | |
| programme. | | | | | | | |
| Examination: % (duration: | | | if ar | oplica | ble) | | |
| * The weightings should add up to 10 | 00%. | | , | 591100 | (010) | 100% | |

5. Assessment Rubrics

(Grading of student achievements is based on student performance in assessment tasks/activities with the following rubrics.)

| Assessme nt Task | Criterion | Excellent (A+, A, A-) | Good (B+, B, B-) | Fair (C+, C, C-) | Marginal (D) | Failure (F) |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| 1. Group Project | Language | Minimal usage errors; effectively organized on the text and paragraph/discourse level; style appropriate to task | Few usage errors; fairly well organized on text and paragraph/discourse level; style appropriate to task | Moderate usage errors; some problems with organization/cohesion/cohe rence; style not always appropriate | Many usage errors; serious problems with organization/cohesion/cohe rence; inappropriate style | Usage errors/organizat ion and/or style seriously interfere with comprehension. |
| | Data | Excellent data collection; very effective research strategies | Good data collection; research strategies mostly appropriate | Adequate data collection; adequate archiving and/or transcription; problems with research strategies | Inadequate data collection; major problems with research strategies | Inadequate and inappropriate data; poor research strategies |
| | Reading and Citation of Sources | Evidence of extensive reading; 5-10 sources cited; outside reading integrated effectively and cited correctly | Evidence of adequate reading; 3-5 sources cited; outside reading integrated effectively and cited correctly | Evidence of some reading; 1-2 sources cited; some problems with integrating outside reading effectively; faulty citation | Evidence of little reading; 1 source cited; major problems with integrating outside reading effectively; faulty citation | No evidence of outside reading |
| | Analysis | Systematic and perceptive analysis; excellent application | Moderately systematic and perceptive analysis; | Some flaws in analysis; some problems with the application of concepts; | Serious flaws in analysis; serious problems with the application of concepts; | Seriously flawed or incoherent analysis |

| | | of language/communic ation concepts; clear points adequately supported with evidence | good application of language/communic ation concepts; clear points adequately supported with evidence | points may be slightly unclear or evidence may be thin | points may be unclear or inadequately supported | unsupported by evidence |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|--|---|--|
| 2. Reflectiv e writing | Language | Minimal usage errors; effectively organized especially on the paragraph/discourse level; style appropriate to task | Few usage errors; fairly well organized especially on the paragraph/discourse level; style appropriate to task | Moderate usage errors; some problems with cohesion/coherence; style not always appropriate | Many usage errors; serious problems with cohesion/coherence; inappropriate style | Usage errors seriously interfere with comprehension |
| | Content/Specificity/An alysis | Rich and specific content; excellent examples and/or narratives; self reflective; use of appropriate concept when warranted | Fairly rich and specific content; adequate examples; self reflective; use of appropriate concepts when warranted; | May be slightly too general or abstract with few specific examples or narratives and no use of concepts; little self-reflection | Very general and abstract; no self-reflection or analysis | Extremely general; no self-reflection or analysis |

Part III Other Information (more details can be provided separately in the teaching plan)

1. Keyword Syllabus

(An indication of the key topics of the course.)

Linguistic Issues

Overview of English selected country

Phonological and lexical variation

Regional variation

Language attitudes

Conducting a sociolinguistic interview

Multiculturalism

Overview of multiculturalism and immigration in selected country

Public discourse on multiculturalism

Attitudes towards multiculturalism

Asian immigrants in selected country

Government and Cultural Policy

Conducting a sociological interview

Language and the Environment

Geosemiotics

Interpreting graphic texts, layout and architecture

Discourse and the control of public space

Discourse and tourism

Conducting site surveys, observations and photographic research

Creative Writing and Communication

Creative writing in popular culture

Persuasive writing in the media

Creative and persuasive writing in tourism

Discourse and culture

Multimodality & Semiotics

Overview of media in selected country

Symbols, signs and meaning

Semiotics in advertising

Mediated discourse analysis

2. Reading List

2.1 Compulsory Readings

(Compulsory readings can include books, book chapters, or journal/magazine articles. There are also collections of *e*-books, *e*-journals available from the CityU Library.)

| 1. | Course hand-outs |
|----|------------------|
| 2. | |
| 3. | |
| | |

2.2 Additional Readings (Additional references for students to learn to expand their knowledge about the subject.)

| 1. | Bargiela-Chiappini , F. and Harris, S. (1998) The Languages of Business: An International |
|----|---|
| | Perspective. Edinburgh: Edinburgh University Press |
| 2. | Macdonald, M. (2003) Exploring Media Discourse. London: Arnold. |
| 3. | Melchers, G and Shaw, P. (2003) World Englishes: An Introduction. London: Arnold. |
| 4. | Pan, Y. Scollon, S.W. and Scollon, R. (2002/ Professional Communication in International |
| | Settings. London: Blackwell. |